

Algebraic Expression: An expression that may contain numbers, operations, and one or more symbols.

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Terms: The parts of the algebraic expression.

Coefficient: The number that contains a variable.

Constant: A term without a variable.

Example

$5p + 4$ ← constant

Coefficient ↑

Terms ↑

1) $12 + 10c$
 $T = 12, 10c$

Coe = 10
Con = 12

2) $15 + 3w + \frac{1}{2}$
 $T = 15, 3w, \frac{1}{2}$

Coe = 3
Con = $\frac{1}{2}$

3) $z^2 + 9z$
 $T = z^2, 9z$

Coe = 9, 1
Con = none

② Writing Algebraic Expressions Using Exponents

a) $d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d = d^4$

b) $1.5 \cdot h \cdot h \cdot h = 1.5h^3$

c) $j \cdot j \cdot j \cdot j \cdot j = j^6$

d) $9 \cdot K \cdot K \cdot K \cdot K = 9K^4$

③ Evaluate

a) $K + 10$ when $K = 25$
 $25 + 10 = 35$

b) $4n$ when $n = 12$
 $4 \cdot 12 = 48$

c) $24 + c$ when $c = 9$
 $24 + 9 = 33$

d) $d - 17$ when $d = 30$
 $30 - 17 = 13$

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3.1 Algebraic Expressions

(4) Evaluate with two Variables

$$a \div b \quad | \quad a = 16 \quad b = 2/3$$

$$\frac{16}{1} \div \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{16}{1} \times \frac{3}{2} = 24$$

Try it! P=24 q=8

$$1) p \div q$$

$$24 \div 8 = 3$$

$$2) q + p$$

$$8 + 24 = 32$$

$$3) p - q$$

$$24 - 8 = 16$$

$$4) pq$$

$$24 \cdot 8 = 192$$

(5) Evaluate with two Operations

$$3x - 14 \quad \text{when } x = 5$$

$$3 \cdot 5 = 14$$

$$15 - 14 = 1$$

try it! $y = 6$

$$1) 5y + 1$$

$$5(6) + 1$$

$$\underline{31}$$

$$2) 30 - 24 \div y$$

$$30 - 24 \div 6$$

$$\underline{24}$$

$$3) y^2 - 7$$

$$6^2 - 7$$

$$36 - 7 = \underline{29}$$

$$4) 1.5 + y^2$$

$$1.5 + 6^2$$

$$1.5 + 36$$

$$\underline{37.5}$$